

A FIGHT IN THE SENATE

BAILLEY, OF TEXAS, ASSAULTS
BEVERIDGE, OF INDIANA.

Seizes the latter by the throat and attempts to throw him to the floor—Separated before serious damage is done—Trouble the result of a bitter discussion between the two men.

Washington, June 30.—Senator Bailey of Texas assaulted Senator Beveridge of Indiana to-night just after the senate had adjourned from executive session. The Texas senator was dragged away and separated from his opponent by some of those about the senate. He was very angry and threatened severe harm to the Indiana senator.

The episode was the result of a heated controversy which the two senators had during the afternoon when Senator Beveridge had said that Senator Bailey had made "an unwarranted attack" on Solicitor Penfield, like other senators who smoke, lighted a cigar and took a seat on the republican side. He was still sitting there when the senate adjourned. Senator Bailey crossed the aisle and walked through the seats until he was facing Senator Beveridge.

"Beveridge," he said, "I don't want to have any trouble with you, but I want you to withdraw those words which charge me with making an unwarranted attack upon Penfield."

"I didn't intend to insult you," replied Senator Beveridge, "and there is nothing in my language that you could consider offensive."

"I don't allow any one to say that I libel a man, and that is what you do in making the charge. Now, if you won't withdraw the words when I ask you I'm going to make you withdraw them."

Senator Bailey had been getting more and more angry and excited as he talked. He had been sitting down part of the time or leaning against the desk immediately in front of Senator Beveridge. The latter in reply to Senator Bailey's last remark, still remaining in his chair, said: "I repeat that I did not intend to insult you, and that I have nothing to retract."

As these words were uttered Senator Bailey threw himself upon Senator Beveridge, who is a man hardly up to the average in physique and seized him by the throat with both hands. The rush was so sudden and fierce that the chair in which Senator Beveridge was sitting was pushed back against a desk and the desk toppled over. Before the assault could go any further senators who had been sitting near had moved up between the desks. Senator Hansborough of North Dakota seized Senator Bailey by one arm and Senator Spooner seized the other. The Texas senator is a powerful man and it was with great difficulty that the two senators were separated. Senator Beveridge's necktie was ripped and torn away in Senator Beveridge and when they succeeded a part of the Indiana senator's necktie was ripped and torn away in the vigorous grasp of Senator Bailey. Senator Bacon of Georgia and Barney Layton, assistant doorkeeper, came quickly forward and assisted in pulling the Texas senator further away. Senator Bailey meanwhile struggling to get free and lunging toward Senator Beveridge. As he was removed a little distance he was heard to utter something that sounded like a threat about killing.

Without further effort, however, he walked away when Senator Bacon urged him to be quiet and led him toward the democratic side. Senator Bacon engaged Senator Bailey in conversation for some time, advising him to cool down. Senator Spooner also went across the aisle and discussed the matter with the Texas senator, urging him to apologize, and if possible fix it up at once, but Senator Bailey refused all such proffers, declaring that Senator Beveridge had insulted him in the senate and that he had taken the only course left, as the Indiana senator had refused to withdraw his remarks.

Senator Beveridge remained in the chamber for some little time and continued to smoke his cigar. He remarked to those who spoke to him on the subject that it did not amount to anything. He made no effort to resist or resent the attack made on him. In fact, the whole thing was over in a very brief interval before much resistance could have been offered.

Mr. Bailey early in the debate had offered a resolution calling for the papers in a Mexican mining case in which he maintained, Dr. Scott had been unfairly treated, not only by the Mexican courts but also by the American ambassador, Mr. Clayton, and the officials of the state department. Mr. Bailey declared Ambassador Clayton was either incompetent or dishonest, and his remarks led to some tart rejoinders.

Early in the session Mr. Elkins of West Virginia delivered an earnest speech in favor of the annexation of Cuba, maintaining that it would be in the best interests of both countries. Mr. Elkins' remarks drew a sharp fire from Mr. Platt of Connecticut and Mr. Hanna of Ohio, who deprecated any annexation proposition at this time, and urged that the United States ought to be sensible of its obligations to the civilized world, if not to Cuba. After a lively colloquy in which General Wood was criticised by Mr. Elkins for using funds to advance the reciprocity propaganda, Mr. Elkins' resolution for annexation was referred to the Cuban relations committee.

Among the bills passed was one giving Rear Admiral Schley the pay and allowance of a rear admiral on the active instead of the retired list of the navy.

Second German-American Cable.
Berlin, June 30.—At a meeting to-day of the stockholders of the German Atlantic Cable company, the proposition of the directors of the company to issue 20,000,000 marks (\$8,000,000) in bonds to lay a second cable between Germany and the United States was accepted.

148 MILES IN 145 MINUTES.

Twentieth Century Limited Breaks the
World's Record.

Albany, N. Y., June 30.—Superintendent F. A. Harrington of the Mohawk division of the New York Central railroad to-night announced that the Twentieth Century Limited broke the world's record for long distance running on its trip to-day from Albany to Syracuse. It made the 148 miles between the two cities in 145 minutes, including a stop at Utica and several slow downs. This fast trip was made necessary by the train being delayed at West Albany.

CHOLERA ON U. S. TRANSPORT.

The Thomas Detained in Manila Bay—
General Smith Aboard.

Manila, June 30.—A case of cholera has been discovered on board the United States army transport Thomas and she has been detained in quarantine at Maravilla, at the entrance to Manila Bay. The Thomas with General Jacob H. Smith and the Twenty-fourth Infantry on board was to have left Manila yesterday for San Francisco.

President Invited to Stop in Connecticut
Cities.

Washington, June 30.—Representatives Henry and Sperry and Senator Platt of Connecticut to-day invited the president to stop over at Hartford and other Connecticut cities on his New England trip.

DISBROW GIVES HIMSELF UP

YOUNG MAN WANTED TO SOLVE
DROWNING MYSTERY.

Brought to Riverhead, Long Island, by
His Counsel and is at Once Placed in
Jail—Attorney Miles Declines to Say
Where He Found His Client Except to
Say He Met Him in New York.

New York, June 30.—Louis Disbrow, for whom a warrant was issued last week by the authorities of Suffolk county, Long Island, in connection with the deaths by drowning of Sarah Lawrence and Clarence Foster, is now in jail at Riverhead, L. I. Attorney Rowland Miles, counsel for Disbrow, left Northport for this city early in the day and it was generally thought he had gone to meet his client, whose whereabouts have been carefully concealed from the public since the bodies of Miss Lawrence and Foster were found in Tiana bay.

The drowning of the two young people has been a mystery which the county officials have for weeks been trying to clear up. All that was positively known was that the two with Disbrow had spent the greater part of the night at resorts in the eastern end of Long Island. There were stories told of a carousal. Foster and the girl dropped out of sight, Disbrow went to his home at Good Ground and then disappeared and three days later the bodies of Foster and the girl were found floating in the bay not far from where the party of three had been last seen. No one could be found to tell how they came to be drowned and there was a call for Disbrow to come forward to explain what he knew of the case. The coroner after an official examination of the bodies could find no trace of violence. Then in response to a public demand the district attorney and the coroner made an investigation and had an autopsy and again the report was that there was no evidence of murder. Disbrow stayed away and at last a warrant was issued for him. Just what the warrant charges is not known. Disbrow arrived at Riverhead late this afternoon from Long Island City, accompanied by his counsel. He was at once placed in the county jail, where he will be kept until to-morrow when he is to be given a hearing either at Southampton or Good Ground. Sheriff Wells refused to allow anyone but the prisoner's immediate family and his counsel to see him to-night. Further than to intimate that he met Disbrow in New York city Attorney Miles refused to say where he found his client.

MISS JONES OF NEVADA.
Awarded Women's Tennis Championship—Miss Moore Defeated.

Philadelphia, June 30.—Miss Marian Jones, of Nevada, to-day won the women's tennis championship of the United States from Miss Elizabeth Moore by default. Miss Moore was taken sick on Saturday while play was postponed until to-day. Miss Moore's indisposition proved more serious than anticipated and she was unable to compete the game. Miss Jones was thereupon declared champion.

Hackett Wins Final Round

New York, June 30.—H. H. Hackett, former Yale champion, won the final round in the men's scratch singles of the open tennis tournament of the New York Tennis club on the club court to-day by defeating C. C. Kelley in four hard fought sets. The final round in the handicap singles was won by G. L. Wyeth in a four set match.

Waterbury Policemen Win

Waterbury, June 30.—In a spirited game here to-day, the second of a series to be played by the policemen's teams of the state for a silver trophy presented by P. J. Griffin, of Meriden, the club representing the Bridgeport department was beaten by the Waterbury team by the score of 12 to 9. The batteries were: For Bridgeport, Blansfield and Burns; For Waterbury, Cavanaugh and Dodds. Bridgeport made twelve hits to Waterbury's nine, but lost through loose field play.

BRITAIN LIGHTED BY FIRES

JOY OF THE PEOPLE DEMON-
STRATED LAST NIGHT.

At a Signal Three Thousand Bonfires
Throughout the Kingdom Are
Touched Off—Arrangements for the
King's Dinner to the Poor of London
Being Rapidly Completed—Improvement
Still Maintained.

London, June 30.—The general feeling of relief as a result of the favorable reports of the condition of the king vented itself to-night by the touching off of the three thousand bonfires throughout the United Kingdom, which were originally prepared to celebrate the coronation night.

The signal to light the fires was given at 9:05; a rocket was sent up from the top of the gigantic wheel in Earl's court and burst into a cloud of stars 1,000 feet overhead. In response to this signal bonfires rose from every elevation of any consequence from the Lizard to the Orkneys. The celebration was unfortunately somewhat dampened by a downfall of rain.

London was not illuminated. It had been hoped that the Mansion house, the Bank of England and Marlborough house would join in the celebration, all their illuminating stands being intact, but none of the official decorations was lit up. The display in London in this line was confined to the theaters, the hotels and the business houses on the Strand, Fleet street and other thoroughfares.

There was quite a celebration at Spithead to-day, when the nearest approach to a review of the great fleet there was seen in the trip of several transports loaded with volunteers and colonial troops and a number of distinguished persons who inspected the empire's "first line of defence."

The arrangements for King Edward's dinner to the poor of London, to be held July 5, are being rapidly completed. The Prince and Princess of Wales have arranged to visit a number of the localities where the poor are to be entertained, and if King Edward's condition continues to improve Queen Alexandra will probably make the rounds with them.

The only royal guest who left London to-day was the Chinese representative appointed to attend the coronation of the king, Prince Chen, who left for Ostend.

THE OFFICIAL BULLETINS.

Utmost Quiet Enforced—The Dressing
of the Wound.

London, June 30.—Following are the bulletins issued to-day:

10 a. m.—"His majesty has slept well. The dressing of the wound gives much distress, but there are no bad symptoms of any kind. (Signed)
"Treves,
"Smith,
"Laking,
"Barlow."

7 p. m.—"The king has had a fairly comfortable day, and the discomfort in the wound has been less. (Signed)
"Treves,
"Smith,
"Laking,
"Barlow."

The following official announcement was made at Buckingham palace this afternoon:
"The king was lifted to a special couch yesterday for a few hours. He was much benefited by the change. The queen is in constant attendance. The king occasionally sees his children, but the interview is very short. The utmost quiet is enforced. The king seems no correspondence and is not approachable on matters of state or business. The king's courage and patience call for the greatest admiration. His wound, which is of considerable depth, is dressed at least twice daily from the bottom, as it is essential that it should heal from the bottom. The dressing causes considerable pain, which is borne with great fortitude. The temperature in the king's room is kept down by electric fans, which have proved of great value. Drs. Laking, Barlow and Treves have not left the palace since the operation was performed, except for an occasional hour."

FRED WENCK BEATEN.
Also the Other American Students Who
Boxed in London.

London, June 30.—A large company assembled at the National Sporting club to-night to witness the boxing contests held in connection with the coronation sporting tournament between Harvard and Yale students and English amateurs. All the professional fighters who took part in the contests held last week were present to-night and in some cases they acted as attendants for the American students. All the amateur bouts resulted in victories for the Englishmen but the Americans gave remarkable displays of gameness.

The first contest was between heavyweights. Dodge of Harvard was considerably smaller than his opponent, F. Parkes, of the Polytechnic boxing club, who is the amateur heavyweight champion. In the course of the second round both men landed a number of heavy blows. Dodge was the first to weaken, but he fought a resolute third round and at times looked decidedly dangerous. Parkes, however, got the verdict on points and Dodge was vociferously applauded for his gallant stand. In the middleweight contest F. A. Wenck of Yale met R. C. Barnes of the Lynn Boxing club, who is the amateur middleweight champion. The American had all the advantage of the rapid exchanges at the opening, but eventually Barnes acted on the defensive and by the aid of a number of fistic hits he got a lead which enabled him to win comfortably. The contest was remarkable for the good feeling shown by both boxers.

CALLED A BAIT TO MINERS

NOTICE SENT OUT BY C. PARDEE
& CO.

President Mitchell's First Lieutenant
Says It Will Not Work as Men Know
They Are Not to Return Except in Body
—President Nichols of District No. 1,
Declares the Operators Have No Idea
of Resuming Operations—Rewards
Offered for Boycotters.

Wilkesbarre, June 30.—National board member, John Fallon, who is in charge of Mr. Mitchell's headquarters during his absence, stated to-night that he had information from the Lehigh region to the effect that several small coal companies in the vicinity of Hazleton had posted notices to-day requesting their former employees to apply for their old positions at once lest they should be given to new hands.

"In every strike," continued Mr. Fallon, "this bait is thrown out to the strikers but it will not work in the present strike. No attention is paid to such notices. The strikers know that they are not to return to work as individuals but in a body. As soon as the operators grant the concessions asked for they will return in a body."

T. D. Nichols, president of district No. 1 United Mine Workers, says the coal companies have no idea of resuming operations as they could not get a corporal's guard to work their mines. The operators in the Pittston district say a number of their old men returned to work to-day and more have applied for work.

At strikers' headquarters it was stated that only five engineers applied for work. Following is the notice referred to above by Mr. Fallon which was sent out by C. Pardee & Co. this morning:

"With a view of ending what we deem a hopeless and uncalculated strike, an opportunity of resuming work at our Harwood colliery is hereby offered to our employees. Let every inside man who wants to begin work quietly notify the general inside foreman and let every outside man notify the outside foreman. When a majority of our adult inside and outside men signify their desire to begin work this colliery will be started. Foremen will not make known the names of the men applying for work."

"C. PARDEE & CO."

Pittston, Pa., June 30.—All the striking engineers and pump men in this city, about thirty-five in number, reported for duty to-day. The majority of them were given employment, but a number were stood aside until the provided men now at work could be replaced for in other directions. The firemen refused to join the movement. This action, it is said, was determined upon at a meeting held Saturday night. In this district there are about forty engineers and pump runners still out, but it is believed that before the end of the week they all will be back at work.

The Citizens' alliance of Wilkesbarre offers rewards aggregating \$5,000 for the arrest and conviction of all persons engaged in boycotting, hanging effigies and other criminal acts of intimidation prejudicial to the rights of American freedom. A reward of \$1,000 is offered for the arrest and conviction of any one who enters in a conspiracy to boycott any individuals, firms or corporations. For hanging anybody in effigy \$500 reward will be paid.

ALABAMA MINERS OUT.

12,000 Stop Work Because Their Demands Are Refused.

Birmingham, Ala., June 30.—Over 12,000 miners quit work to-day and a strike, which means serious discomfort to the Birmingham district, has begun. At a recent meeting of the operators and miners the latter demanded an eight hour day, a two weeks pay day, and 60 cents per ton, as the maximum price for mining coal, an increase of five cents. The operators refused to grant these concessions.

Charleston, W. Va., June 30.—It is the impression here to-night that the coal strike in this state will be settled within the next few days on a reasonable basis, the operators making concessions. President Stevens, of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad company, came here to-day and to-night held a conference with the operators which lasted several hours. While nothing has been given out on the subject showing that a conclusive agreement was reached, yet enough has come from the executive session to indicate that Mr. Stevens has urged upon the operators that something must be done. The operators are influenced to act now as they are losing contracts and the majority cannot afford to remain idle. Developments are expected within the next forty-eight hours.

Keystone, W. Va., June 30.—The strike of the United Mine Workers in the Norfolk and Western coal fields is practically at an end. The strikers, excepting about 15 per cent, have returned to work. All train crews on the Norfolk and Western that were laid off on account of the strike resumed work to-day.

STRIKE IN CHICAGO LIKELY.

Ten Thousand Freight Handlers May
Quit To-day.

Chicago, June 30.—Unless the general managers of the railroads reverse their announced decision in regard to a new scale of wages, ten thousand freight handlers will in all probability quit work to-morrow morning in all the railroad warehouses and freight sheds in Chicago.

Volcano in Eruption.

Seattle, Wash., June 30.—The steamer Bertha reached port to-day from Valdez and westward points. Mount Redoubt, which has been in an incipient stage of eruption since early spring, was not visible on account of the fog and it is not known what stage the outbreak has reached. Mount Wrangell is in eruption. A despatch received at Valdez from Kotzebue under date of June 21 says: "Mount Wrangell is in plain sight of here and great clouds of black smoke can be seen rolling up from her crest."

Connecticut Postmasters.

Washington, June 30.—In addition to the nominations sent in to-day the senate also confirmed the following: Postmasters—Connecticut, H. Dryhurst, Meriden; H. O. Lemmon, Thomaston; Charles K. Bailey, Bethel.

Earthquake in Asia Minor.

London, July 1.—The Vienna correspondent of the Daily Express says that earthquakes have occurred simultaneously in twenty towns of Asia Minor, and that many houses have collapsed.

THE HOWE & STETSON STORES

The "Pick" of our
Upholstery Dep't.

A list of house-decorations on which prices are nearly if not more than halved.

Sofa Cushions—Sofa cushions 22 and 24 inches square covered with figured satin, silk, imported cretonnes etc., cord or ruffle finish, about 40 in the lot, regular price \$2.00 to 2.25 each.

Cleanance price 98c
Screens—Folding screens, Jap. four fold, black, fawn, red, green and brown grounds embroidered or painted, 5 feet 6 inches high, worth \$3.50 to 4.00. Cleanance price \$2.49

Awnings—Adjustable awnings, well made, fit any window from 2 feet 6 inches to 4 feet in width, three colors, just 20 in the lot, regularly \$3.00. Cleanance price \$1.49

Velours and Corduroys—27 inch wide in a number of colors, good heavy quality, suitable for covering pillows or furniture. Regularly 69c to 75c yard.

Cleanance price, 49c yard

Ari Ticking—Figured art tickings and imported cretonnes, 34 and 36 inches wide very choice designs and colorings, fast color, not many yards in a piece, regular price 25c to 35c yard.

Cleanance price 19c

Tapestry Curtains—Mostly one pair of a color, 50 inches wide, 3 yards long, fringed both ends. Regularly \$3.98 to 5.00.

Cleanance price, \$2.98 pair

Lambrequins or Piano Covers—Silk damask, velour and Jap. silk lambrequins, or piano covers, 2 1/2 and 3 1/2 yards, fringed on three sides. Regularly \$3.50 to 5.00 each.

Cleanance price, \$2.98 each

Bamboo Porch Curtains—Cord and pulleys complete:

46 feet	38c each
58 feet	50c each
68 feet	75c each
88 feet	95c each
108 feet	\$1.25 each

100 Pieces of

Wash Goods 7 1/2c.

West Aisle, Main Store.

Not many when every piece is worth 19c yard; but they were all we could get.

Another inventory sale of jobber's stock, you know, in which the merchant is lucky to get any part.

Pretty dainty wash goods in a splendid lot of colorings and patterns, lace and open work effects etc. See them for yourself in our window.

Worth 19c yard.

Sale price 7 1/2c a yard

Japanese Lanterns.

Our entire stock of Japanese lanterns at 4c each, 45c dozen.

Paraffine Candles, size 12, 10c dozen.

HOWE & STETSON.

ed her lead further and had over three minutes to spare at the finish. There was more changing for second place on this leg, Crusader going ahead of the Tecumseh.

When the third race was started the breeze had become stronger still, although any of the boats could have carried more sail than they had. The course was reversed, giving the first leg a good beat to windward. The Monsoon crossed the starting line well clear of the rest and the Massasoit also pulled clear. The Seeress came in between the others, and as there was little room to spare at the windward end of the line there was a general mix-up. When they at last got clear the order of crossing was as follows: Monsoon, Massasoit, Frontenac, Crusader, Philbuster, Nutmeg, Seeress and Tecumseh. The wind kept increasing in strength.

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